



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food and Forestry
2800 N. Lincoln Blvd.
Oklahoma City, OK 73105

Issue Date: MAY 13 2019
Expiration Date: October 30, 2019
Report Due: April 30, 2020
File Symbol: 19OK02

Attn: Ryan Williams

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency hereby issues a specific exemption under the provisions of Section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food and Forestry for the use of sulfoxaflor (CAS Reg. No. 946578-00-3) on cotton to control tarnished plant bug (*Lygus lineolaris*) in Oklahoma.

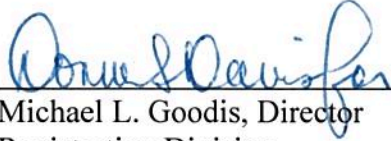
In the request dated April 17, 2019, the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food and Forestry recertified that the emergency condition still exists and that there were no changes to the use directions, including rates and type of application, as approved in the last authorization dated May 29, 2018. This specific exemption is subject to the conditions set forth in your request, as well as the following conditions, modifications and restrictions below:

1. The Oklahoma Department Agriculture, Food and Forestry (ODAFF) is responsible for ensuring that all provisions of this specific exemption are met. ODAFF is also responsible for providing information in accordance with 40 CFR 166.32(b). Accordingly, a report summarizing the results of this program must be submitted to EPA Headquarters and the EPA Region 6 Office within 6 months following the expiration of this exemption or prior to requesting a subsequent specific exemption for this use. In accordance with 40 CFR 166.32(a), these offices shall also be immediately informed of any adverse effects resulting from the use of this pesticide in connection with this exemption.
2. The registered product, Transform[®] WG Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 62719-625, containing 50% sulfoxaflor), manufactured by Dow AgroSciences, may be applied. All applicable directions for use, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA-registered product label including Worker Protection Standards must be followed, as well as those outlined on the Section 18 use directions submitted with your request, unless otherwise modified in this authorization document.
3. Foliar applications may be made by ground or air at a rate of 1.5-2.25 oz. of product (0.047-0.071 lb a.i.) per acre. A maximum of 4 applications may be made per year, but no more than 8.5 oz. of product (0.266 lb a.i.) may be applied per acre per year.

4. To minimize spray drift and potential exposure of bees when foraging on plants adjacent to treated fields, applications are prohibited when wind speeds are above 10 miles per hour (mph).
5. Retreatments are prohibited within 5 days of application. A pre-harvest interval (PHI) of 14 days and a restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours applies to all applications.
6. A maximum of 700,000 acres of cotton fields may be treated in Oklahoma.
7. **Environmental Hazards Statement:** “This product is highly toxic to bees exposed through contact during spraying and while spray droplets are still wet. This product may be toxic to bees exposed to treated foliage for up to 3 hours following application. Toxicity is reduced when spray droplets are dry. Risks to managed and native pollinators from contact with pesticide spray or residues can be minimized when applications are made before 7:00 am or after 7:00 pm local time or when the temperature is below 55 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) at the site of application.”
8. **Advisory Pollinator Statement:** “Notifying known beekeepers within 1 mile of the treatment area 48 hours before the product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect bees. If known apiaries are within one mile of cotton fields intended for treatment, applications should be made before 7:00 am or after 7:00 pm local time during the flowering period. Growers are advised to refer to and, where feasible, observe the cooperative standards outlined in the Oklahoma Managed Pollinator Protection Plan for additional guidance and bee conservation stewardship efforts.”
9. This specific exemption expires October 30, 2019.
10. Applications made in accordance with the above provisions are not expected to result in combined residues of sulfoxaflor, including its metabolites and degradates, in or on cotton commodities in excess of the following existing tolerances at 40 CFR at 180.668(a): cottonseed subgroup 20C at 0.20 ppm; cotton, gin byproducts at 6.0 ppm; cotton, hulls at 0.35 ppm. The Agency has determined that these levels are adequate to protect the public health.
11. This is the second year that ODAFF has requested a Section 18 emergency exemption for the use of sulfoxaflor on cotton to control tarnished plant bug. In the event that ODAFF requests this use pattern next year, EPA has made a preliminary determination that this use is eligible for a streamlined application under the re-certification program (40 CFR 166.20(b)(5)).

Any future correspondence regarding this exemption should refer to file symbol 19OK02.

If you have any questions regarding this authorization, please contact Emergency Response Team member Tamica Cain (703-347-8110; cain.tamica@epa.gov) or the Emergency Response Team Leader, Tawanda Maignan (703-308-8050; maignan.tawanda@epa.gov).



Michael L. Goodis, Director
Registration Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

Date: 5/13/19

cc: Jeffrey Lammers and Gerardo Acosta, USEPA Region 6- Regional Coordinators
Elizabeth Reyes, USEPA Region 6- Tribal Coordinator